

## **Infection Prevention Answer Key**

Don't Eat ****			
#1	What is the most effective (and least expensive) way to prevent transmission of infections?	Good Hand Hygiene	
#2	Most Often, Germs are moved around from place to place on these things●●	people's (especially health care providers hands	
#3	Germs are often given a free ride into our bodies on Ttese ●●.	Our hands	
#4	ALL Patients/Residents need to do this before they eat	Clean their hands	
#5	We do this every time after touching a patient /resident	Clean our hands	
The Germs			
#1	This French sounding bacteria is a common cause of diarrhea following or during antibiotic use	C difficle	
#2	Some strains of this common bacteria are resistant to antibiotics	Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA)	
#3	This virus may cause serious illness in those who have chronic conditions, the very young and the Eederly	Influenza	
#4	Antibiotics do not cure illness caused by this catergory of germs	Viruses	
#5	True or False? Both bacteria and viruses can survive on surfaces for a period of time	True - exact time depends on the specific organism, temperature, humidity, presence of food source etc.	
	Be Careful Out There		
#1	The minimum set of practices that you use for ALL patients/residents is called	Routine Practices	

#2	Aside from hand hygiene, what are two practices that are included in Routine Practices?	1) Point of Care Risk Assessment. 2) Appropriate use of PPE. 3) Proper disposal of sharps. 4) Cleaning of equipment and environment		
#3	In your facility, who's responsible for preventing and controlling infections?	You (everyone)		
#4	If you have an exposure to blood or a potentially infectious bodily fluid what should you do?	1) Apply first ais. 2) report to your manager and fill out worksafe forms. 3) Get medical treatment if a high risk exposure		
#5	Name three types of PPE (personal protective equipment) that you might use.	Gloves, Gown, Eye protection (goggles), Mask		
Clean Me Up Scotty				
#1	Equipment that only touches intact skin is called	Non-critical		
#2	Footcare equipment is considered	Semi-critical		
#3	A good way to help housekeeping keep the environment clean	Minimze or reduce clutter		
#4	The two methods of Hand Hygiene are	1) Soap and water and 2) Alcohol based hand rub (ABHR)		
#5	Footcare equipment should either be assigned to individual patients/residents or	minimal high level disinfection (sterilization preferred)		
Odds and Ends				
#1	The overuse of these makes infections caused by certain bacteria very difficult to treat	Antibiotics		
#2	True or False: You can be infected with an infectious disease and have no symptoms	True		
#3	The injection of weakened or dead viruses which allows our immune system to develop a protective response to these bugs if we are exposed to them in the future	Vaccinations (Immunizations)		
#4		cover mouth and nose with a thick tissue, the inside of your upper arm or inside of your lapel		
#5	Which has more germs growing on it? 1) toilet seat, 2) home door handle 3) grocery cart handle	3) grocery cart handle		
	Final Question			

